Radia Youssef Mohamed, 2005

Determinants of Fertility in Upper Egypt 1992-2003 and Mass Media Impact on Attitudes Towards Contraception.

In the study, an attempt has been made to study the trend of fertility in Upper Egypt during 1992-2003, to figure out the increasing and the decreasing fertility determinants, to study mass media impact on attitudes towards family planning and to reduce fertility.

The research depends on data derived from Egypt demographic and health surveys of 1992, 1995, 2000 and Egypt interim demographic and health survey 2003 to achieve the objectives of the study.

The study used Bongaarts and Potter aggregate fertility model developed in 1983 to study and analyze the level, trend, to estimate the proximate determinants of fertility and to decompose the change in fertility into its proximate determinants in Egypt and in Upper Egypt the period under consideration.