Manal Salah El-Ghanam, 2006

Assessment of Family Planning Efforts on Fertility Reduction in Egypt, 1995-2003.

Egypt is the largest country among the Arab countries and one of the largest African countries in terms of the number of population. It's predominantly desert environment means that this large population mostly live on a small part of the total area and share its scarce natural resources. In order to slow down the growth of population and improve the welfare of individual families, the government of Egypt has set a national goal of an average of two children per couple by 2017. Egypt must focus more on family planning.

This can be outlined as follows:-

- To examine the levels, trends, and differentials of current contraceptive use among married women in reproductive age in different regions of Egypt in 2003.
- To identify the determinants of current contraceptive use of the different regions of by 2003 in order to identify the demographic and socio-economic variables which highly affect the current contraceptive use.
- To evaluate the Egyptian family planning program by using the standardization techniques age structure and the impact of changes in marital status.

The study depends on the descriptive analysis for data on logistic regression model.