

**Ahmed Saied Helmy, 2015.**

**Egyptian Child Rights According to the U.N. Convention against Real Situation. (315).**

The main goal of this study was to examine the Egyptian child situation as compared with their rights listed in U.N. convention and Egyptian child law. The detailed objectives can be defined as following:

- Examining the right of complete enrolment in schools throughout the drop-out and never attending school.
- Examining child health, particularly for those aged 0-5 years, as part of dependent rights focusing on the child labor.
- Analyze the types of violence against girls during their early childhood (early marriage and female circumcision) all as a part of child protection.
- Identify the magnitude of child participation in Decision – Making.

Finally, child participation in decision – making will be also focused in the thesis. Due to the availability of data in this context, a case study is examine their participation in decision – making.

The author is used many data sources, as follows:

- The Egypt Household Education Survey, 2005 – 2006.
- Egypt Demographic and Health Survey, (EDHS) both 2000, 2008 are used.
- The National Child Labor Survey, 2010 by (CAPMAS) is used.

and in order to investigate street children, the street children survey in Cairo Governorate, 2009 is used.