

Abraham Nega Shitta, 2011

Levels, Trends and Determinants of Child Nutrition in Ethiopia, in 2000 and 2005

This study will identify, examine and describe the factors that affect child malnutrition.

The study attempts:

- To examine the levels and trends of initiation of breastfeeding and breastfeeding status during the period 2000 – 2005.
- To examine the levels of introduction of complementary foods both in liquid and solid forms – with particular emphasis on intake of foods rich in micronutrients like vitamin A and iron.
- To study the levels and determinants of anemia and determinants of vitamin A supplementation in under- five children.

The main sources of data for this study is Ethiopia Demographic and Health Survey, 2005. Other supplementary information was incorporated from relevant publications, reports, journal articles and online literature. In this study both descriptive and analytical approaches including levels, trends, cross tabulations, correlation and logistic regression are used to show the significant variables that contribute most in child malnutrition.